

AN INVESTMENT
That Always
Pays.
Tee-Dee Want Ads.

The Times-Dispatch

BOARDERS
AND ROOMERS
Easily Secured
Through
Tee-Dee Want Ads.

THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1862
THE TIMES FOUNDED 1868

WHOLE NUMBER 16,736.

RICHMOND, VA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

STOESSEL'S ARMY ON WAY TO JAPAN

Forlorn Procession Begins Trip to Dalny to Embark.

STOESSEL SAYS HE WAS MISLED

Expresses Amazement at Defeat of Kuropatkin, to Whom He Looked in Vain for Assistance—Says the Baltic Fleet Can Do No Good Now.

(By Associated Press.)
HEADQUARTERS OF THE THIRD JAPANESE ARMY AT PORT ARTHUR, January 9.—The Russian army of 15,000 men, under the command of General Stoessel, was defeated by the Japanese army of 10,000 men, under the command of General Kuropatkin, on January 7. General Stoessel, who was with the Russian army, expressed his amazement at the defeat, saying that he had looked in vain for assistance from Kuropatkin. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

Pathetic Spectacle.
The procession of the remnants of the Russian army was a pathetic spectacle. The soldiers were weary and the equipment was in a state of disrepair. The Japanese army followed them closely, and the Russian soldiers were in a state of panic.

A few minutes later the remnants of the Russian army were seen marching towards the sea. The Japanese army followed them closely, and the Russian soldiers were in a state of panic.

As the Japanese soldiers crowded about them with evident curiosity, the faces of the Russian officers were of an interesting study. All of them appeared to feel their humiliating position keenly, and though some seemed to be resigned to their situation, others showed signs of being disgraced and angry.

The officers were clean and well clothed, but the men were in a state of disrepair. The Japanese army followed them closely, and the Russian soldiers were in a state of panic.

Treated With Respect.
The horses drawing the transport carts were suffering with fatigue, though the loads were small. They were tied to the carts and led by orderlies. In many cases the horses were treated with respect.

The prisoners were treated with the greatest respect and kindness, though they were regarded with much natural curiosity. The soldiers were given cigarettes and were allowed to smoke. The Japanese army followed them closely, and the Russian soldiers were in a state of panic.

ASKS FOR KUROPATKIN.

Stoessel Amazed at Story of Liao Yang Defeat and Says He Was Misled.

(By Associated Press.)
HEADQUARTERS OF THE JAPANESE ARMY AT PORT ARTHUR, January 9.—General Stoessel, who was with the Russian army, expressed his amazement at the defeat, saying that he had looked in vain for assistance from Kuropatkin. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

General Stoessel's first inquiry was about the whereabouts of General Kuropatkin. He said that he had looked in vain for assistance from Kuropatkin. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

General Stoessel remarked that he had last heard from General Kuropatkin October 21, saying he would come to Port Arthur soon. General Stoessel added that he had not heard from Kuropatkin since. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

General Stoessel then asked where the Baltic fleet was. He said that he had looked in vain for assistance from Kuropatkin. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

General Stoessel then asked where the Baltic fleet was. He said that he had looked in vain for assistance from Kuropatkin. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

General Stoessel then asked where the Baltic fleet was. He said that he had looked in vain for assistance from Kuropatkin. He said that the Russian army was misled and that the Baltic fleet could do no good now.

SAINT ASAPH IS PUSHED TO WALL

The Pool Rooms Raided and Twenty-Five Arrests Made.

POLICE COMMISSIONER AMONG THE ARRESTS

The Raid Causes a Sensation and It Is Generally Believed That It Is the End of the Gamblers in Alexandria County.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ALEXANDRIA, VA., January 9.—The St. Asaph pool-rooms in Alexandria county, near this city, were raided this afternoon and twenty-five men arrested on the charge of gambling.

The raid was conducted by Chief Webster, of the local department, and four policemen, upon warrants issued at the instance of Commonwealth's Attorney Brent.

The prisoners were brought here where they waived a preliminary examination before Justice Caton and were admitted to jail. John M. Hill, of this city, one of the accused, becoming surety. Bond in the sum of \$500 each was required for the non-residents. The cases will be heard Saturday morning.

Among the local men arrested were J. M. Hill, an Alderman, the alleged proprietor of the pool-rooms, Zora Hill, a police commissioner, T. F. Johnston, William Duncan and George Kraft, Louis Barger and Charles Burlingame were among the non-residents.

In addition to the fight of Commonwealth's Attorney Mackey to close St. Asaph, the raid of the city authorities caused a sensation.

It was considered that Mr. Mackey had pushed the place to the wall.

His cases pending against St. Asaph will be heard Tuesday before Judge Nicol.

General opinion is that the county will soon be rid entirely of gambling institutions.

RAILROADS GIVE SPECIAL RATES TO WASHINGTON

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9.—Official announcement was made today that the railroads will allow a special rate of one fare, plus twenty-five cents, for the round trip from all points one hundred miles or more distant on any of the railroads.

The rate for less than one hundred miles distance will be one and one-third fare. A rate of one cent a mile each way will be allowed to each member of all military organizations in uniform in parties of two hundred or more, and special rates will be given all musical organizations.

CONTRIBUTES SITE FOR MARYLAND ART SCHOOL

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
BALTIMORE, MD., Jan. 9.—To supplement the gift of the site of the Maryland Institute of Art and Design, which was burned in the great fire, Mr. Michael Jenkins has donated a site on Mount Royal Avenue, in one of the most attractive sections of the city, and adjoining the Corpus Christi Church, which was erected by the Jenkins family as a memorial. The donation was announced at a meeting of the board of trustees.

TOWN IN DARKNESS; GRASPING FOR BREAD

(By Associated Press.)
HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Jan. 9.—Ten thousand residents of Huntington, who use gas, are tonight cold, hungry and groping in darkness because of a failure of the gas supply. A number of the residents are grasping for bread.

YOUNG SPRATLEY SHOTS HIMSELF

Quarreled With His Sweetheart and Tried to Take His Own Life.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
JAMPTON, VA., Jan. 9.—Young Peter Spratley, the nineteen-year-old son of a farmer, shot himself with a revolver this afternoon. He was quarreling with his sweetheart and tried to take his own life.

An operation was performed yesterday and the bullet was recovered, but the doctors say that there is little hope of saving the young man's life.

NOMINATION OF STUART CONFIRMED

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Senate today confirmed the nomination of J. E. Stuart as marshal for the Eastern District of Virginia and Harry Fulwiler as postmaster at Buchanan.



AN IMPOSING NAVAL REVIEW

Secretary Morton and Admiral Dewey Inspect Double Line.

REAR ADMIRAL VISITS DOLPHIN

As Soon as Inspection Is Over Ships Fire Salutes and Sail for Southern Waters.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
OLD POINT, VA., Jan. 9.—The most imposing naval review which has occurred in these waters since the international rendezvous in 1888 took place this afternoon at 12 o'clock in Hampton Roads.

The battleship coast and Caribbean squadrons and a torpedo flotilla were inspected by Secretary Paul Morton, of the navy, and Admiral George Dewey.

About twenty vessels were anchored in the road, including six of the most powerful battleships afloat.

The dispatch boat Dolphin, with Secretary Morton and Admiral Dewey aboard, steamed in from the cape and a booming salute was fired by the Kearsarge.

The boat anchored between the long lines of vessels and almost immediately the various squadron commanders began to go aboard to pay their respects to the distinguished reviewers.

At each rear-arrived alongside the Dolphin, the customary salute was fired.

About 120 o'clock the formal review occurred. The Dolphin steaming slowly down the long line of fighting ships.

When the end was reached the Dolphin proceeded directly to sea on her way to Washington.

At once there was activity aboard the vessels of the squadrons and in less than an hour hardly a ship was left in the Roads. The bands played, salutes were fired and the ships passed out in the following order:

Battleship Squadron—Kearsarge, Kentucky, Illinois, Alabama, Missouri and Texas.

Coast Squadron—Texas, Florida, Arkansas and Nevada.

Caribbean Squadron—Newark and Tacoma.

Torpedo-boat Destroyers—Whipple, MacDonough, Stewart and Vardaman.

The ships go South for the winter maneuvers.

A GRAND PAGEANT.

Fleet One of the Most Formidable That Ever Assembled Here.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NORFOLK, VA., January 9.—Headed by the first-class battleship Kearsarge, flying the ensign of the United States, the fleet of ships was a grand pageant.

It is not known whether the President is most in favor of legislation revising tariff schedules or that which will regulate freight rates. He has talked last and loudest in favor of the latter. It is believed he is resolved upon securing both as soon as possible. It was thought settled until the latter part of last week that the extra session was to be held in the fall, but the President told a group of callers Friday that the probabilities were that there would be an extra session this spring. This has set the Republican leaders wondering, and they are still up in the air on the question.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

BILL WILL CALL FOR NEW COUNT

Administration Measure on Rate Question to be Offered in Congress Within Ten Days.

NOW BEING DRAWN BY MOODY

Interstate Commerce Commission to Fix Charges, Subject to Appeal to Transportation Court.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—It is understood that the administration bill for the regulation of railway rates will be introduced in the House of Representatives within ten days.

The bill is being drawn by the Attorney-General and a member of the House. The latter is a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The bill will propose to give to the Interstate Commerce Commission authority to fix rates. A court of transportation corresponding to the United States Circuit Court, as to number of members and organization, is to be created for the sole purpose of hearing complaints in rate cases, where appeals are taken from decisions of the commission.

The rate fixed by the commission, however, is to go into effect immediately and remain the legal rate unless changed by order of the Transportation Court.

Are Disappointed.
The advocates of legislation designed to give the Federal government authority to regulate railway charges are somewhat disappointed that the subject was not given a more prominent place in the conference held at the White House Saturday afternoon between the President and leading members of the Senate and House.

It is understood that the subject was barely mentioned and that it was not at the suggestion of the President but at one of his invited callers that it came up at all. Senator Allison remarked, probably in response to a question from one of his conferees, that there was a strong sentiment in the West in favor of the regulation of rates by the government.

It is understood that there is to be a conference at the White House this week, probably on Wednesday, between the President and other Republican leaders of the Senate and House of Representatives. Senator Elkins, it is understood, will be at this conference.

He is chairman of the Senate Committee on Commerce and that committee will have charge of all bills designed to confer this power upon the government.

It is believed the President will discuss the subject of legislation to regulate rates on the occasion when Senator Elkins is present.

Expressed No Opinion.
It is not known whether the President is most in favor of legislation revising tariff schedules or that which will regulate freight rates. He has talked last and loudest in favor of the latter. It is believed he is resolved upon securing both as soon as possible. It was thought settled until the latter part of last week that the extra session was to be held in the fall, but the President told a group of callers Friday that the probabilities were that there would be an extra session this spring. This has set the Republican leaders wondering, and they are still up in the air on the question.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

Republicans are also annoyed by the fact that the President at the conference of Saturday afternoon did not make a single remark which indicated his views on one of the subjects under consideration.

MR. GOULD TALKS OF HIS NEW ROAD

Is Ready Now to Construct Line to Northern Neck.

WAITING ON SUPREME COURT

His Plans, if Carried Out, Means Much for Virginia.

Mr. Francis Jay Gould, whose plans, if carried to fruition, will mean more for the development and upbuilding of Richmond and its vicinity than any other project now on foot for many years, has been spending the last few days in Richmond, looking over his extensive properties.

Mr. Gould left last evening for New York, and although much crowded before his departure, with great courtesy accorded a full and extended interview to a representative of The Times-Dispatch.

Naturally the first question asked Mr. Gould was whether the reports of his proposed street car line to Ashland and to Chesapeake Bay were correct. Mr. Gould said that they were, and that it only needed a decision of the Supreme Court for his company to begin at once constructing an electric line from Richmond to Ashland.

Can't Use Turnpike.
"Why can you not use the charter, which goes with the old turnpike," said the representative of The Times-Dispatch.

"Because we are informed by counsel," said Mr. Gould, "that this charter will not permit us to build an electric or steam railway line. It was thought when the charter was bought that it carried an extremely valuable charter, and indeed, this charter was thought to be one of its greatest assets."

"According to our understanding," said Mr. Gould, "we could build a railroad or steam railway line. It was thought when the charter was bought that it carried an extremely valuable charter, and indeed, this charter was thought to be one of its greatest assets."

"The charter was remarkable in that it was an irrevocable one, granted prior to 1893 by the Legislature. At this time the charter was a new issue, and the Legislature had not learned to hedge them about with the restrictions that are now so common."

"The old charter provided for the operation of a turnpike, plank road or railroad or canal from Richmond to the outside world, by the 'most practical route.' Short-

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

SON WOULD ANNUL DUKE'S MARRIAGE

Developments in Case of the Tobacco King's Half Brother

NO ARRESTS MADE UP TO THIS TIME

Wife of Man in Sanitarium Is a Shrewd Business Woman, Whose Partner Scouts Idea That Firm Is Not All It Is Represented to be.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Announcement was made today that Lawrence Duke, son of Brodie L. Duke, recently committed to a sanitarium on the order of a magistrate, had taken initial steps to secure the annulment of his father's marriage to Miss Alice Webb. What turn the investigation by District Attorney Jerome may take is yet uncertain, but it was said there would certainly be no immediate arrest in the case, the investigation having not reached a stage where criminal prosecution involving such action was possible.

Unfit to be at Large.
The commitment of Duke, who is half-brother of J. B. and B. N. Duke, the tobacco capitalists, and the sensational developments growing out of the case, were investigated today by District Attorney Jerome.

The affidavit on which the commitment was issued was made public today by Justice Wyatt, who was the issuing justice. It bears the name of Victor G. Mich, of this city, but does not give his occupation. In this affidavit, Mich recites that on certain specified days of the present month, he appeared to be in an abnormal condition and dependent, verily believes that said Brodie L. Duke is disordered in his senses and unfit to be at large.

Assistant District Attorney Lord said he understood that the management of the Park Avenue Hotel, where Mr. and Mrs. Duke had been stopping, had made the first complaint, which resulted in Mr. Duke's removal to Bellevue Hospital.

Mr. Lord said he believed that the hotel management had approached the friends and relatives of Mr. Duke, but that these friends could do nothing to reach Duke. Mr. Lord continued, "The hotel management kept insisting that something must be done, and finally we were asked to advise a proceeding to have Duke committed to some place to be examined as to his sanity. I took the affidavit and issued it before the formal commitment for the detention of Duke in Bellevue Hospital for five days to be examined as to his sanity."

The \$40,000 worth of securities found on Duke were still in the office of the district attorney today, Mr. Lord said, and were being examined.

Mrs. Alice Desplines, friend and companion of Mrs. Duke, was subpoenaed, attorney's office today under subpoena, but did not go before the grand jury. She made an affidavit and will return to give further testimony on January 13th.

Mrs. Duke Collapses.
Dr. Maurice A. Sturm told Assistant District Attorney Lord today that Mrs. Duke was suffering from nervous prostration, and could not come to the district attorney's office for two or three days.

Lawyer John D. Lindsay announced today that Laurence Duke, son of Brodie L. Duke, had instructed him to bring an action for the annulment of Brodie L. Duke's marriage to the former Miss Webb.

"I know nothing of any criminal proceedings in the matter. We have placed all the facts in our possession in the hands of the district attorney, and it is for him to decide whether or not any criminal action will be taken."

Mr. Lindsay said he knew nothing about a statement attributed to Mrs. Duke that an offer of \$300,000 had been made to her on condition that she consent to the annulment of her marriage. She said that she was confident that no offer had been made.

**SHREWD BUSINESS WOMAN
AND HAS MADE FORTUNE**
(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, January 9.—Mrs. Brodie Duke, formerly Miss Alice L. Webb, is

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

NEW THEORY IN STEWART TRIAL

Possibility of Annie Bolling Having Been Burnt by Lightning.

EFFORT TO SHOW SHE WAS A FIREBUG

Members of Stewart's Household Declare That She Was Treated as One of the Family, But Not Always Right in Her Mind.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
SUSSEX, C. I., VA., via STONY CREEK, VA., January 9.—The most interesting theory advanced in regard to the death of Annie Bolling today in the trial of Charles Randolph Stewart for her murder, was the possibility of her having been killed and burned by lightning. The effort to show that she was a regular firebug was continued by the defense.

Tony Blackwell, colored, testified to his having had his father attack burned several years ago, and said the girl, Annie Bolling told him she set fire to the stack.

Miss Williams, a colored woman, was asked by Mr. Mann if she knew of her own knowledge, that the dead girl ever took any clothing or anything else belonging to her. This question was objected to by Mr. Buford, and the witness was not allowed to answer this question.

Henry Clappell, of Dinwiddie, a brother-in-law of the accused, stated that he was present and heard a conversation that passed between J. W. Crowder and the accused, he said he heard Crowder say that he would be dogged if he did not believe that lightning killed the girl. A short time later he then showed Clappell by Mr. Mann. Witness said it was the same stick found at the scene of the homicide. Clappell said he was positive, and upon cross-examination, he endeavored to explain why he thought so.

Witness went on to say that, although that Crowder did not accuse a great injustice in taking steps towards having Mr. Stewart arrested for the crime. Witness said that in the course of that conversation, Crowder told Stewart that he was his friend and that Crowder advised the accused to stop talking about this matter, as it would be worse for him in the end. His conversation, it will be remembered took place the day after the inquest and before any charge whatever had been made against Stewart.

The Girl's Treatment.
Witness said that he had visited the home of the accused frequently previously to the death of the girl and saw her whenever he went there. He went on to say that as far as he knew the girl received the same treatment as the Stewart home as other members of the family. Witness was questioned closely as to the size of the hickory tree under which the girl was supposed to have been murdered.

Willie Powell said that he was in the woods soon after the body was found. He was closely questioned as to the fragments of a piece of burning clothing, supposed to have been that of the dead girl, hanging on one of the lower limbs of the hickory tree.

Witness said he had seen the girl through the window at Stewart's house on several occasions, and that she looked as if she did not have a good mind. At this time the witness was taken in charge by Mr. Cooke. Witness said he was cutting ties on Stewart's land; that on the day after the girl was missing, he saw and talked with the accused, and nothing was said about the girl being missing. Mr. Stewart did not mention the matter upon the day of her disappearance. He said he was questioned as to his recollection as to whether it had rained upon the burnt area when he first saw it on the Sunday the body was found. Mr. Buford asked the witness if he and Stewart had not been in communication with each other about the matter before the apprehension of the accused. Witness said "No."

Charles Reeves, county surveyor of Dinwiddie, was recalled, and gave the distance as surveyed by him from Stewart's house to the burned district as 230 feet.

Twenty-year-old Charles R. Stewart, Jr., son of the accused, took the stand and testified as to the treatment of Annie in his home. Witness said the treatment was the same accorded any other member of the family. He said the last time he saw the girl before her death was about 2 o'clock upon the day of her disappearance. He said he went to water his horses that afternoon about 2 o'clock and heard some one hollering over towards the Manlove field. Witness was asked about missing some money on Sunday night before the disappearance of the girl. He said he was shown an old Spanish coin by Mr. Mann and witness stated it was exactly like one of those he had misused. He said he had never found the missing pieces of money. Upon further questioning by Mr. Mann, the witness said the girl acted strangely at times as if she was insane.

Keep Matches Away.
He told that he had been instructed by his parents to keep matches away from the girl. Witness said that he had not at any time seen smoke in the direction of the burnt area. Mr. Buford here took charge of the witness and questioned him closely as to the hollering heard by him the day of her disappearance. Witness said this was again said by his father left the house. Mr. Buford went after witness about the Spanish coin he said he had misused. Witness was here asked to tell the kind of dress Annie wore when he last saw her, and he stated that he could not tell.

The young man was severely cross-examined as to any knowledge he had of the shoes worn by the girl at the time of her death and their being half-soled. Witness said he did not see the shoes.

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)